

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AGS POWER BLUE GEL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name

AGS POWER BLUE GEL

Product no.

3801

Unique formula identifier (UFI)

QJ40-50GS-C001-P3KX

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

▼ Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Graffiti remover

Restricted to professional and industrial use.

Uses advised against

None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

▼ Company and address

Trion Tensid AB

Svederusgatan 3A

SE-75450 Uppsala

Sweden

+46 18 15 61 90

www.trion.se

▼ Contact person

Lina Åkerblom

E-mail

info@trion.se

Revision

27/03/2026

SDS Version

8.0

Date of previous version

14/11/2024 (7.0)

1.4. ▼ Emergency telephone number

Healthcare professionals: Dial 0344 892 0111 to reach The National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (24 hour service)

General public:

England - Dial 111 to reach NHS 111 (24 hour service)

Scotland - Dial 111 to reach NHS 24 (24 hour service)

Wales - Dial 111 or 0845 4647 to reach NHS Direct (24 hour service)
See section 4 "First aid measures".

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute Tox. 4; H302, Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corr. 1; H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1; H318, Causes serious eye damage.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapour. (H226)

Harmful if swallowed. (H302)

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (H314)

Precautionary statement(s)

▼ General

Not applicable.

Prevention

Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

Wear eye protection/protective gloves/protective clothing. (P280)

▼ Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
(P303+P361+P353)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235)

▼ Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.
(P501)

Hazardous substances

1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one

potassium hydroxide

Additional labelling

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

UFI: QJ40-50GS-C001-P3KX

VOC

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

VOC content: 98 g/L

MAXIMUM VOC CONTENT (Phase II, category B/a1: 850 g/L)

2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.
This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/707.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one	CAS No.: 3470-98-2 EC No.: 222-437-8 UK-REACH: Index No.:	25-40%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb	CAS No.: 64742-48-9 EC No.: 919-857-5 UK-REACH: Index No.:	5-10%	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336	[15], [19]
potassium hydroxide	CAS No.: 1310-58-3 EC No.: 215-181-3 UK-REACH: Index No.: 019-002-00-8	5-10%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 (SCL: 2.00 %) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (SCL: 0.50 %) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (SCL: 0.50 %)	
ethanol	CAS No.: 64-17-5 EC No.: 200-578-6 UK-REACH: Index No.:	5-10%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[15] The classification as a carcinogen / mutagen will not be taken into account as the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7) (CLP, Annex VI, note P).

[19] UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet.

Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact

Flush exposed area with water for a long time - at least 30 minutes. It may be necessary to flush for several hours. Use a comfortable water temperature (20-30 °C). Contact Poison Information/doctor/hospital for further advice on follow-up and treatment.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

▼ Eye contact

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water or saline solution (20-30 °C) for at least 30 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical assistance immediately and continue flushing during transport.

Ingestion

In the case of ingestion, contact a doctor immediately. If the person is conscious, give them water. DO NOT try to induce vomiting unless this is recommended by a doctor. Hold head facing down to prevent vomit from returning to the mouth and throat. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. Initiate immediate resuscitation if breathing stops. If unconscious, roll the injured person into recovery position. Call an ambulance.

Burns

Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Tissue-damaging effects: This product contains substances with skin corrosive properties. Inhaled vapour or aerosols may produce adverse effects to lungs, irritations and burns in the respiratory organs as well as coughing. Dermal contact and contact with the eye cause irreversible effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapour.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂)

Some metal oxides

5.3. ▼ Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

Keep unauthorized persons away from the spill

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Limit spillage and collect using granular absorbent or similar materials, and dispose of it in accordance with the regulations on dangerous waste.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. ▼ Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/lighting/ventilating equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition.

Recommended storage material

Always store in containers of the same material as the original container.

Storage conditions

4 - 25 Celcius

Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

potassium hydroxide

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 2

ethanol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 1000

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1920

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

DNEL

1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	17,4 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	70,5 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	2,5 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	2,5 mg/kg bw/day

ethanol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	206 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	114 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	950 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	950 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	1900 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	87 mg/kg bw/day

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	900 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1500 mg/m ³

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day
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PNEC

1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater	Single	0,8 mg/L
Freshwater sediment	Single	6,336 mg/kg
Marine water	Single	0,08 mg/L
Marine water sediment	Single	06336 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	Continuous	30,62 mg/L
Soil	Single	0,7955 mg/kg
Water	Single	1 mg/L

ethanol

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		960 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		3.6 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		2.75 mg/L
Marine water		790 µg/L
Marine water sediment		2.9 mg/kg
Predators		380-720 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		580 mg/L
Soil		630 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits

Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures

The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are located within easy reach.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures

In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

Respiratory Equipment

Type	Class	Colour	Standards	
Respiratory protection is not needed in the event of adequate ventilation	-	-	-	
AX		Brown	EN14387	

Skin protection

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	

Hand protection

Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Nitrile	0,4	>480	EN374-2	

Eye protection

Type	Standards	
Wear safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Liquid

Colour

Deep brown

Odour / Odour threshold

Solvent

pH

14

Density (g/cm³)

0.99

▼ Kinematic viscosity

No data available.

Particle characteristics

Does not apply to liquids.

Phase changes

▼ Melting point/Freezing point (°C)

No data available.

Softening point/range (°C)

Does not apply to liquids.

Boiling point (°C)

200

▼ Vapour pressure

No data available.

▼ Relative vapour density

No data available.

▼ Decomposition temperature (°C)

No data available.

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C)

46

Flammability (°C)

The material is ignitable.

Auto-ignition temperature (°C)

Not applicable - based on structure

Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v)

Not applicable - based on structure

Solubility

Solubility in water

Insoluble

▼ n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow)

No data available.

▼ Solubility in fat (g/L)

No data available.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/L)

98

Other physical and chemical parameters

No data available.

▼ Oxidizing properties

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid static electricity.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may produce corrosive vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

▼ Acute toxicity

Product/substance	1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	300-2000 mg/kg ·

Product/substance	1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Species:	Rabbit
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Test:	LD50
Result:	>2000 mg/kg ·

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	>5000 mg/kg

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Test:	LC50 (4 hours)
Result:	5 mg/L

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Rabbit
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Result:	>5000 mg/kg

Product/substance	potassium hydroxide
Species:	Rat

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

Route of exposure: Oral
Test: LD50
Result: 273 mg/kg ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Oral
Test: LD50
Result: 7060 mg/kg ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Rabbit
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50
Result: >20000 mg/kg ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50
Result: 124,7 mg/L ·

Harmful if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

▼ Aspiration hazard

Product/substance

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb

Conclusion: Aspiration hazard - category 1 (GHS)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

▼ Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Tissue-damaging effects: This product contains substances with skin corrosive properties. Inhaled vapour or aerosols may produce adverse effects to lungs, irritations and burns in the respiratory organs as well as coughing. Dermal contact and contact with the eye cause irreversible effects.

11.2. Information on other hazards

▼ Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health.

Other information

None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. ▼ Toxicity

Product/substance	1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	>100 mg/L ·

Product/substance	1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Species:	Algae
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	130 mg/L ·

Product/substance	1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Species:	Daphnia
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	>100 mg/L ·

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	>1000 mg/L

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Algae
Test:	EC50
Result:	>1000 mg/L

Product/substance	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species:	Algae
Test:	NOEC
Result:	100 mg/L

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

Product/substance
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Species: Daphnia
Duration: 48 hours
Test: LOEC
Result: <1000 mg/L

Product/substance potassium hydroxide
Species: Fish
Duration: 24 hours
Test: LC50
Result: 80 mg/L ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Fish
Duration: 96 hours
Test: LC50
Result: 13500 mg/L ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Daphnia
Duration: 48 hours
Test: EC50
Result: 5400 mg/L ·

Product/substance ethanol
Species: Algae
Duration: 72 hours
Test: IC50
Result: >10,9 mg/L ·

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. ▼ Persistence and degradability

Product/substance 1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Conclusion: -

Product/substance
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Result: >80%
Conclusion: -
Test: OECD 301 E

Product/substance potassium hydroxide
Conclusion: Readily biodegradable

Product/substance ethanol
Result: 85%
Conclusion: Readily biodegradable
Test: OECD 301 D

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

12.3. ▼ Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance 1-butylpyrrolidin-2-one
Conclusion: -

Product/substance
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb
Conclusion: -

Product/substance potassium hydroxide
LogKow: -1,3800
Conclusion: No potential for bioaccumulation

Product/substance ethanol
BCF: 0.66
LogKow: -0,3200
Conclusion: No potential for bioaccumulation

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

12.6. ▼ Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste. (*)

HP 3 - Flammable

HP 6 - Acute toxicity

HP 8 - Corrosive

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

After dilution with water, small quantities are permitted to go to water treatment plants. Empty packages and product residues must be handled in an environmentally correct manner according to applicable laws and provisions. The company is affiliated to REPA. Do not attempt to refill or clean the package.

EWC code

20 01 29* Detergents containing dangerous substances

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
ADR/A DN/RID	UN1814	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C5 	II	No	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (E) See below for additional information.
IMDG	UN1814	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C5 	II	No	Limited quantities: 1 L EmS: F-A S-B See below for additional information.
IATA	UN1814	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	Transport hazard class: 8 Label: 8 Classification code: C5 	II	No	See below for additional information.

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

▼ Additional information

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

ADR/ADN/RID / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application

Restricted to professional users.

People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.

Demands for specific education

No specific requirements.

SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, Qualifying quantity (lower-tier): 5.000 tonnes / (upper-tier): 50.000 tonnes

REACH, Annex XVII

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha [A complex comb is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

ethanol is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

Additional information

Not applicable.

Sources

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999.

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015.

2012 No. 1715 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION: The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

▼ Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC = Effective concentration

ED = Effective dose

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

EL = Effective Loading

ErC = Concentration associated with x% growth rate response
ES = Exposure Scenario
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System
EWC = European Waste Catalogue
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP = Global warming potential
HP = Hazardous Property code
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IC = X maximum inhibitory concentration
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC = Lethal concentration
LCLo = Value is the lowest concentration of a material in air reported to have caused the death of animals or humans
LD = Lethal dose
LOAEC = Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
LOAEL = Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC = Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LogKow = logarithm of the n-octanol/water coefficient
LL = Lethal Loading
M = For multiplication factor
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
NOAEC = No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration
NOELR = No Observable Effect Loading Rate
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SCL = A specific concentration limit
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of skin corrosion and serious eye damage is based on the pH-criterion given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

The safety data sheet is validated by

LÄ

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: GB-en